#### Zoology CP (Semester Course)

#### Unit 3: Phyla Mollusca and Annelida

**Overview:** This unit is designed to develop students' understanding of the phyla Mollusca and Annelida. It will guide students through taxonomy and general characteristics. Students will identify behavioral and developmental traits for each phyla. This unit describes morphology, engaging students with pictures and videos.. Animals traits based on evolution, nutrition, movement, and reproduction will be analyzed. It will also list general characteristics for the main classes of each phyla. Ecological and economic importance will be emphasized for each phyla.

	t characteristics of mollusks distinguish
Phyla Mollusca and Annelida• HIS-LS2-2• Identify the main parts of the mollusk body plan.• What import• HS-LS4-1 • HS-LS4-5 • WIDA 1, 4• Identify the main parts of the mollusk body plan.• What import• Mathematical and contrast the main classes of Mollusca. • Analyze the organ systems of annelids.• What import• HS-LS4-1 • HS-LS4-5 • WIDA 1, 4• Compare and contrast the main classes of Mollusca. • Analyze the organ systems of annelids.• What import	t is the economic and ecological ortance of the phylum Mollusca? at are the main parts of the mollusk y plan? y does the internal anatomy differ ng mollusks? at are the main classes of Mollusca?

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<ul> <li>Unit 3: Enduring</li> <li>Members of the phytum Mollusca include octopuses and their relatives, snails, bivalves, and others. They have evolutionary ties to the Annelida and other lophotrochozoans.</li> <li>The class Gastropod as the largest of the molluscan classes. Snails and slugs live in a wide variety of habitats and serve as intermediate hosts for important human paratises.</li> <li>Torsion is a gastropod developmental process that changes the orientation of the visceral mass and head-foot.</li> <li>Shells, when present, are usually coiled.</li> <li>Most gastropod developmental process that changes the orientation of the visceral mass and head-foot.</li> <li>Shells, when present, are usually coiled.</li> <li>Most gastropod sectop scraping algae and other attached organisms from their substrate. Their digestive system is cliated and food is incorporated into a protoxyle.</li> <li>Gast oxchange occurs across gills or a vascular mantel. Gastropod kave an open circulatory system, a hydraulic skeleton, well-developed circulatory and nervous systems, and an excurretory system consisting of a single nephrindium.</li> <li>Gastropod taxonomy is being reevaluated. The three traditional subclasses are not monophyletic.</li> <li>The class Warking coinsus with external fertilization and trochophore and veliger larvae. Most freshware bivalves broot their larvae and release a glochidium, which is parasiti on fishes.</li> <li>Cephalopods have a closed circulatory system including systemic and branchial hearts. Their nervous and sensory systems are highly developed. They use color and pattern changes in cannonflage, maing behaviors, and attracting prey.</li> <li>Molluscs are lophotrochozoans with distant ties to the Annelida. The caudofoventes and solenogasters are probably most similar to the mollusc ancestor. Adaptive radiation in the molluscs has resulted in their presence in most cosystems of the eath.</li> </ul>

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Curriculum		Standards		acing
Unit 3				Unit Days
Unit 3:	HS-LS2-1	Use mathematical and/or computational representations to support explanations of factors that affect carrying capacity of ecosystems at different scales.	2	
Phyla Mollusca and Annelida	HS-LS2-2	Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence about factors affecting biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of different scales.	2	
	HS-LS2-8	Evaluate evidence for the role of group behavior on individual and species' chances to survive and reproduce.	2	12
	<b>HS-LS4-1</b> Communicate scientific information that common ancestry and biological evolution are supported by multiple lines of empirical evidence.		2	
	HS-LS4-5	Evaluate the evidence supporting claims that changes in environmental conditions may result in (1) increases in the number of individuals of some species, (2) the emergence of new species over time, and (3) the extinction of other species.	2	
		Midterm	2	

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Unit 3 - Zoology CP			
Disciplinary Core Ideas	Indicator #	Indicator	
<b>LS2.A: Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems</b> Ecosystems have carrying capacities, which are limits to the numbers of organisms and populations they can support. These limits result from such factors as the availability of living and nonliving resources and from such	HS-LS2-1	Use mathematical and/or computational representations to support explanations of factors that affect carrying capacity of ecosystems at different scales.	
challenges such as predation, competition, and disease. Organisms would have the capacity to produce populations of great size were it not for the fact that environments and resources are finite. This fundamental tension affects the abundance (number of individuals) of species in any given ecosystem. (HS-LS2-1), (HS-LS2-2)	HS-LS2-2	Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence about factors affecting biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of different scales.	
<ul> <li>(IN) LDZ 'I, (IN) EDD 'D)</li> <li>LS2.C: Ecosystem Dynamics, Functioning, and Resilience</li> <li>A complex set of interactions within an ecosystem can keep its numbers and types of organisms relatively constant over long periods of time under stable conditions. If a modest biological or physical disturbance to an ecosystem occurs, it may return to its more or less original status (i.e., the ecosystem is resilient), as opposed to becoming a very different ecosystem. Extreme fluctuations in conditions or the size of any population, however, can challenge the functioning of ecosystems in terms of resources and habitat availability. (HS-LS2-2), (HS-LS2-6)</li> <li>LS2.D: Social Interactions and Group Behavior</li> <li>Group behavior has evolved because membership can increase the chances of survival for individuals and their genetic relatives. (HS-LS2-8)</li> <li>LS4.A: Evidence of Common Ancestry and Diversity</li> <li>Genetic information provides evidence of evolution. DNA sequences vary among species, but there are many overlaps; in fact, the ongoing branching that produces multiple lines of descent can be inferred by comparing the DNA sequences of different organisms. Such information is also derivable from the similarities and differences in amino acid sequences and from anatomical and embryological evidence. (HS-LS4-1)</li> <li>LS4.C: Adaptation</li> <li>Changes in the physical environment, whether naturally occurring or human induced, have thus contributed to the expansion of some species, the emergence of new distinct species as populations diverge under different conditions, and the decline–and sometimes the extinction–of some species. (HS-LS4-5), (HS-LS4-6)</li> <li>Species become extinct because they can no longer survive and reproduce in their altered environment. If members cannot adjust to change that is too fast or drastic, the opportunity for the species' evolution is lost. (HS-LS4-5)</li> </ul>	HS-LS2-8	Evaluate evidence for the role of group behavior on individual and species' chances to survive and reproduce.	
	HS-LS4-1	Communicate scientific information that common ancestry and biological evolution are supported by multiple lines of empirical evidence.	
	HS-LS4-5	Evaluate the evidence supporting claims that changes in environmental conditions may result in (1) increases in the number of individuals of some species, (2) the emergence of new species over time, and (3) the extinction of other species.	

# Zoology CP (Semester Course)

Unit 3 – Zoology CP		
Assessment Plan		
<ul> <li>Exploratory activities</li> <li>Warm-up/Ticket Out activities</li> <li>Class discussions</li> <li>Student Participation</li> <li>Teacher Observations</li> <li>Virtual/Hands-On Labs</li> <li>Self-Test Assessments</li> <li>Scientist Timeline Activity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quizzes and Tests (Chapters 11,12, "Zoology (11<sup>th</sup> edition)" by Stephen Miller and Todd Tupper)</li> <li>Authentic assessments and projects</li> <li>Exploratory activities</li> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Lecture Notes</li> <li>Think-Pair-Share</li> <li>Graphic Organizers</li> <li>Study Questions at the end of each chapter</li> <li>Multiple Choice and Critical Thinking at the end of each chapter</li> </ul>	
Resources	Activities	
<ul> <li>Chromebooks</li> <li>Textbook ("Zooloy, 11<sup>th</sup> edition" Miller and Tupper)</li> <li><u>www.My.mheducation.com</u></li> <li>Web Quests</li> <li>Virtual Field Trips</li> <li>Video Streaming</li> <li><u>BrainPOP</u></li> <li><u>Puzzlemaker: Game Based Learning   Discovery Education</u></li> <li>Diversity, Equity &amp; Inclusion Educational Resources https://www.nj.gov/education/standards/dei/</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use various forms of expository writing-procedural writing, narrative writing, descriptive writing, labeling, as well as to create visuals, graphs, tables, diagrams and charts.</li> <li>Use scientific argumentation with exercises on writing claims, using evidence to support your claim and explaining the reasoning behind their claim.</li> <li>Mini-lessons</li> <li>Independent reading</li> <li>Films</li> <li>Website exploration</li> <li>Discussions, dialogues</li> <li>Debates</li> <li>Laboratory experiments</li> <li>Partner or small group work</li> <li>Student presentations, reports, journals, reflections</li> <li>In-class assessments</li> <li>Written reports, essays, research, and homework</li> </ul>	

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Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars		
1. Identifying similarities and differences	6. Cooperative learning	
2. Summarizing and note taking	7. Setting objectives and providing feedback	
3. Reinforcing effort and providing recognition	8. Generating and testing hypotheses	
4. Homework and practice	9. Cues, questions, and advance organizers	
5. Nonlinguistic representations	10. Manage response rates	

#### 9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.

Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

#### Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

- 9.4.12.IML.2: Evaluate digital sources for timeliness, accuracy, perspective, credibility of the source, and relevance of information, in media, data, or other resources (e.g., NJSLSA.W8, Social Studies Practice: Gathering and Evaluating Sources.
- 9.4.12.TL.1: Assess digital tools based on features such as accessibility options, capacities, and utility for accomplishing a specified task (e.g., W.11-12.6.).
- 9.4.12.TL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data.
- 9.4.12.TL.4: Collaborate in online learning communities or social networks or virtual worlds to analyze and propose a resolution to a real-world problem (e.g., 7.1.AL.IPERS.6).
- 9.4.12.GCA.1: Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political. economic, cultural) may work better than others (e.g., SL.11-12.1., HS-ETS1-1, HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-4, 6.3.12.GeoGI.1, 7.1.IH.IPERS.6, 7.1.IL.IPERS.7, 8.2.12.ETW.3).
- 9.4.12.DC.7: Evaluate the influence of digital communities on the nature, content and responsibilities of careers, and other aspects of society (e.g., 6.1.12.CivicsPD.16.a).
- 9.4.12.CT.2: Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a).
- 9.4.12.CT.1: Identify problem-solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice (e.g., 1.1.12acc.C1b, 2.2.12.PF.3).
- 9.4.12.CI.2: Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).
- 9.4.12.CI.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas (e.g., 1.1.12prof.CR3a).

Winslow Township School District Zoology CP (Semester Course) Unit 3: Phyla Mollusca and Annelida Modifications for Special Education/504

*Students with special needs:* The students' needs will be addressed on an individual and grade level using a variety of modalities. Accommodations will be made for those students who need extra time to complete assignment. Support staff will be available to aid students related to IEP specifications. 504 accommodations will also be attended to by all instructional leaders. Physical expectations and modifications, alternative assessments, and scaffolding strategies will be used to support this learning. The use of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) will be considered for all students as teaching strategies are considered.

- Small group instruction
- Audio books/ Text-to-speech platforms
- Leveled texts/Vocabulary Readers
- Leveled informational texts via online
- Modeling and guided practice
- Read directions aloud
- Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions
- Extended time as needed
- Break down assignments into smaller units
- Provide shortened assignments
- Modify testing format
- Repeat directions as needed
- Graphic organizers
- Study Guides, Study Aids and Re teaching as needed

Winslow Township School District Zoology CP (Semester Course) Unit 3: Phyla Mollusca and Annelida Modifications for At-Risk Students

Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations

- Audio books and Text-to-speech platforms
- Leveled texts/Vocabulary Readers
- Leveled informational texts via online
- Extended time as needed
- Read directions aloud
- Assist with organization
- Use of computer
- Emphasize/highlight key concepts
- Recognize success
- Provide timelines for work completion
- Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks
- Provide copy of class notes and graphic organizer

# Zoology CP (Semester Course)

Unit 5: r nyia Monusca and Annenda		
English Language Learners	Modifications for Gifted Students	
<ul> <li>All WIDA Can Do Descriptors can be found at this link: https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors</li> <li>Grades 9-12 WIDA Can Do Descriptors</li> <li>Listening</li> <li>Process recounts by</li> <li>Categorizing perspectives of multiple speakers</li> <li>Identifying important information on specific event &amp; concept from lecture/presentation</li> <li>Process explanations by</li> <li>Recognizing and following language used to enhance clarity and precision</li> <li>Recognizing and following language related to the same event or phenomenon throughout presentations</li> <li>Process arguments by</li> <li>Identifying strengths, limitations, and potential biases from oral presentations</li> <li>Organizing claims and counter claims presented in debates</li> <li>Speaking</li> <li>Adjusting presentation style, degree of formality, word choice, tone, and information to the context and audience</li> <li>Presenting information that follows discipline specific organization (e.g., orientation to topic, sequence of events, conclusion)</li> <li>Explain by</li> <li>Following discipline-specific organization (e.g., orienting the reader, details, conclusion) and supporting presentations with graphs, formulas, quotes or other media</li> <li>Argue by</li> <li>Organizing claims and counter claims in debates with evidence from multiple sources</li> <li>Negotiating differing cultural perspectives in pairs or small groups</li> <li>Reading</li> <li>Process recounts by</li> <li>Analyzing and comparing how authors use language for specific purposes and audiences</li> <li>Identifying differing cultural perspectives in pairs or small groups</li> <li>Reading</li> <li>Process intervention by</li> <li>Reading</li> <li>Process explanations by</li> <li>Recognizing discipline-specific patterns (e.g., orienting the reader, part-whole classification, neutral/ authoritative tone)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level challenges related to the topic.</li> <li>Raise levels of intellectual demands</li> <li>Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills</li> <li>Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles</li> <li>Provide higher level texts</li> <li>Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions</li> <li>Critical and creative thinking activities that provide an emphasis on research and in-depth study</li> <li>Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study</li> <li>Additional Strategies may be located at the links:</li> <li>Gifted Programming Standards</li> <li>Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy</li> <li>REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs</li> </ul>	

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Omt 5. i nyla Wond	
<ul> <li>Identifying authors' precision and accuracy in classifications, comparisons, accounts, or procedures as a result of clear language choices</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Process <u>arguments</u> by</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Evaluating word choice and nuance as tools for distinguishing facts, claims, reasoned</li> </ul>	
judgment, and opinions	
<ul> <li>Identifying the logical connections among claims, counterclaims, reasons, and evidence</li> </ul>	
Writing	
Recount by	
<ul> <li>Summarizing content-related notes from lectures or readings</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Producing research reports using multiple sources of information</li> </ul>	
• <u>Explain</u> by	
<ul> <li>Developing ideas about phenomena with relevant and sufficient facts, extended</li> </ul>	
descriptions, concrete details, or quotations	
• Maintaining discipline-specific patterns that bridge across key uses (e.g., explanation to	
argument in history, explanation to recount for information reports)	
<ul> <li><u>Argue</u> by</li> <li>Evaluating positive and negative implications associated with various positions (e.g.,</li> </ul>	
historical events, scientific discoveries, individuals)	
<ul> <li>Organizing information logically and coherently to represent contrasting views</li> </ul>	
Oral Language	
• <u>Discuss</u> by	
<ul> <li>Identifying and reacting to subtle differences in speech and register (e.g.,</li> </ul>	
hyperbole, satire, comedy)	
<ul> <li>Producing coherent oral discourse appropriate to task, purpose, and audience</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Synthesizing and sharing information from a variety of sources and perspectives</li> </ul>	
Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications that	
may include:	
<ul> <li>Relate to and identify commonalities in Social Studies and</li> </ul>	
science in student's home country	
Assist with organization	
• Use of computer	
Emphasize/highlight key concepts	
Teacher Modeling	
Peer Modeling	
Label Classroom Materials - Word Walls	

# Winslow Township School District Zoology CP (Semester Course) Unit 3: Phyla Mollusca and Annelida

**Interdisciplinary Connections** 

## English Language Arts/Literacy

- 1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account. **RST.11-12.1** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-6)
- 2. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem. **RST.11-12.7** (HS-LS2-6)
- 3. Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information. **RST.11-12.8** (HS-LS2-6)
- 4. Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible. **RST.11-12.9** (HS-ETS1-1),(HS-ETS1-3)
- 5. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. **WHST.9-12.2** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 6. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. **WHST.9-12.7** (HS-LS1-3)
- 7. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. **WHST.11-12.8** (HS-LS1-3)
- 8. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. **WHST.9-12.9** (HS-LS1-1)
- 9. WIDA Standards 1 English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting
- 10. WIDA Standards 4 English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of science
- 11. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. **SL.11-12.5** (HS-LS1-2)

## Winslow Township School District Zoology CP (Semester Course) Unit 3: Phyla Mollusca and Annelida

#### **Mathematics**

- 1. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. MP.2 (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2),(HS-LS2-6)
- 2. Model with mathematics. MP.4 (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 3. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays. **HSN.Q.A.1** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 4. Define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling. HSN.Q.A.2 (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 5. Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities. HSN.Q.A.3 (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 6. Represent data with plots on the real number line. HSS-ID.A.1 (HS-LS2-6)
- 7. Understand statistics as a process for making inferences about population parameters based on a random sample from that population. **HSS-IC.A.1** (HS-LS2-6)

## **Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8**

- 8.2.12.EC.2: Assess the positive and negative impacts of emerging technologies on developing countries and evaluate how individuals, non-profit organizations, and governments have responded.
- 8.2.12.ETW.1: Evaluate ethical considerations regarding the sustainability of environmental resources that are used for the design, creation, and maintenance of a chosen product.
- 8.2.12.ETW.2: Synthesize and analyze data collected to monitor the effects of a technological product or system on the environment.
- 8.2.12.ETW.3: Identify a complex, global environmental or climate change issue, develop a systemic plan of investigation, and propose an innovative sustainable solution.
- 8.2.12.ED.5: Evaluate the effectiveness of a product or system based on factors that are related to its requirements, specifications, and constraints (e.g., safety, reliability, economic considerations, quality control, environmental concerns, manufacturability, maintenance and repair, ergonomics).
- 8.2.12.ED.6: Analyze the effects of changing resources when designing a specific product or system (e.g., materials, energy, tools, capital, labor).
- 8.2.12.ED.4: Design a product or system that addresses a global problem and document decisions made based on research, constraints, trade-offs, and aesthetic and ethical considerations and share this information with an appropriate audience.